## I. AMENDMENT

## In the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of the claims in the application:

- 1-32. (Canceled)
- 33. (Withdrawn) A process for the preparation of 1,3-propanediol from a carbon-containing substance comprising growing a recombinant micro-organism that comprises at least one nucleic acid coding for two-sub-units at least one subunit of a glycerol dehydratase, wherein the catalytic activity of the glycerol dehydratase is not dependent on coenzyme B12 or one of its precursors.
- 34. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 33, wherein the glycerol dehydratase is derived from *Clostridium butyricum*.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 33, wherein the glycerol dehydratase is a dimeric protein comprising:
  - (a) a first polypeptide having at least 50% amino acid identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 6; and
  - (b) a second polypeptide having at least 50% amino acid identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 7.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 33, wherein the recombinant micro-organism further comprises a 1,3-propanediol dehydrogenase.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 36, wherein the 1,3-propanediol dehydrogenase is derived from *Clostridium butyricum* VPI 1718.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 37, wherein the 1,3-propanediol dehydrogenase is a polypeptide having at least 90% amino acid identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 8.

- 39. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 33, wherein the recombinant micro-organism is grown in the absence of coenzyme B12 or one of its precursors.
- 40. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 33, wherein the carbon-containing substance is a carbohydrate or polyol.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 40, wherein the carbon containing substance is glucose.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 40, wherein the carbon containing substance is glycerol.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 33, wherein the recombinant micro-organism does not naturally produce coenzyme B12 or one of its precursors.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 43, wherein the recombinant micro-organism is a bacterium, a yeast or a fungus.
- 45. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 44, wherein the micro-organism is a bacterium.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 45, wherein the bacterium is a Clostridium, Escherichia, Bacillus, Lactobacillus or Lactococcus bacterium.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 44, wherein the recombinant micro-organism is yeast.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 47, wherein the yeast is Saccharomyces cerevisiae.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 33, wherein the recombinant micro-organism further comprises a nucleic acid coding for a glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and a nucleic acid coding for a glycerol-3-phosphatase.

- 50. (Previously Presented) A recombinant nucleic acid coding for at least one subunit of a glycerol dehydratase, wherein the catalytic activity of the glycerol dehydratase is not dependent on coenzyme B12 or one of its precursors.
- 51. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 50, wherein the nucleic acid further encodes for two sub-units of the glycerol dehydratase.
- 52. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 50, wherein the nucleic acid comprises a polynucleotide region comprising at least 50% nucleotide identity with the nucleic acid sequences of SEQ ID NO. 1 or SEQ ID NO. 2, or a polynucleotide with a complementary sequence.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 52, wherein the nucleic acid comprises:
  - (a) a first polynucleotide region having at least 50% nucleotide identity with the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 1; and
  - (b) a second polynucleotide region having at least 50% nucleotide identity with the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 2.
- 54. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 53 further comprising a third polynucleotide region having at least 90% nucleotide identity with SEQ ID NO 4.
- 55. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 54, wherein SEQ ID NO. 1 and SEQ ID NO. 2 are positioned 5' to SEQ ID NO. 4.
- 56. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 54, wherein the nucleic acid comprises at least 50% nucleotide identity with the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 5.
- 57. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 54 further comprising fourth polynucleotide region coding for a glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and a fifth polynucleotide region coding for a glycerol-3-phosphatase.

- 58. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 53, wherein the nucleic acid further comprises a sequence with a transcription promoter function.
- 59. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 58, wherein the promoter sequence comprises at least 80% nucleotide identity with SEQ ID NO. 3.
- 60. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 58, wherein the promoter sequence comprises SEQ ID NO. 3.
- 61. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 50, further defined as comprised in a vector.
- 62. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 61, wherein the vector is further defined as an expression vector.
- 63. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 61, wherein the vector is further defined as a cloning vector.
- 64. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 61, wherein the vector is further defined as comprised in a host cell.
- 65. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic acid of claim 61, wherein the host cell is an *Escherichia coli* strain filed at the National Collection of Cultures of Micro-organisms (NCCM) on June 24, 1999 under the access No. I-2243.
- 66. (Previously Presented) The recombinant nucleic of claim 61, wherein the vector is plasmid pSPD5.
- 67. (Previously Presented) A recombinant nucleic acid sequence with a bacterial promoter function comprising a polynucleotide region having at least 80% nucleotide identity with the sequence SEQ ID NO. 3, or a polynucleotide with a complementary sequence.

## 68-81. (Canceled)

- 82. (Previously Presented) A process for the production of a polypeptide encoded by a recombinant nucleic acid coding for at least one subunit of a glycerol dehydratase, wherein the catalytic activity of the glycerol dehydratase is not dependent on coenzyme B12 and wherein the polypeptide comprises at least 50% amino acid identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 6 or SEQ ID NO. 7, or a dimeric protein comprising a first polypeptide comprising at least 50% amino acid identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 6 and a second polypeptide comprising at least 50% amino acid identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 7 or a polypeptide encoded by a recombinant nucleic acid comprising a first polynucleotide region coding for a 1,3-propanediol dehydrogenase comprising at least 90% nucleotide identity with SEQ ID NO. 4, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of at least 90% amino acid identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 8 comprising:
  - (a) preparation of an expression vector;
  - (b) introduction of the expression vector into a host cell;
  - (c) culture of the host cell in a suitable medium; and
  - (d) recovery of the polypeptide produced from the host cell,
- 83. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 82 further comprising purifying the polypeptide produced from the host cell.
- 84. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 82, wherein the polypeptide is recovered from the culture supernatant or the cell lysate.
- 85. (Canceled)